From Republic to Empire - Roman Timeline

DIRECTIONS

- Timeline is 30” long
- Start 1½” from the top of your page
- Line must be 1” from the left side of your paper. This is a VERTICAL timeline
- 20 years per inch
- 100 BC at the top - 500 AD at the bottom
- Create a color drawing depicting 5 events of your choice from the Timeline

100 BC: Language and culture of Etruscans in terminal decline
89 BC: Roman citizenship granted to all Italians
82 BC: Sulla becomes dictator
71 BC: Spartacus’ 2 year revolt ends with 6,000 slaves crucified on the Via Appia
60 BC: Crassus, Pompey and Caesar - "First Triumvirate"
57 BC: Caesar conquers Gaul
46 BC: Caesar declared dictator of Rome
44 BC: Julius Caesar is killed.
43 BC: Marcus Antonius, Octavian, and Lepidus - "Second Triumvirate"
31 BC: Octavian defeats Marcus Antonius and Cleopatra at the battle of Actium
27 BC: Octavian named "Augustus," first Emperor of Rome
1: Rome has about one million people
14: Augustus dies and Tiberius becomes Emperor
14: Five million people live in the Roman Empire
25: Agrippa builds the Pantheon
37: Tiberius is murdered and the mad Caligula succeeds him
41: Caligula is assassinated, Claudius is Emperor
54: Claudius is assassinated by his wife Agrippina, succeeded by Nero
59: Nero orders the assassination of his mother Agrippina
68: Nero commits suicide; Galba is new Emperor
70: Vespasian becomes Emperor
79: Titus Flavius becomes Emperor
79: Mt. Vesuvius erupts and Pompeii is buried under ash
80: The Colosseum is completed
97: Rome forbids human sacrifice throughout the Roman Empire
98: Trajan becomes emperor
113: Trajan’s Column is erected
117: Hadrian becomes emperor
122: Hadrian’s Wall is built across Britain
132: Jews, led by Bar-Cochba, whom some identify as the Messiah, revolt against Rome
147: 900th Anniversary of Rome’s foundation
161: Marcus Aurelius becomes Emperor
167: The Roman Empire is attacked for the first time by the Germans
175: Aurelius and his son Commodus defeat the Germans
180: Aurelius dies and his son Commodus succeeds him
192: The Praetorian Guard kills Emperor Commodus
193: Septimus Severus wins the civil war and becomes Emperor
211: Septimus Severus dies, succeeded by his sons Caracalla and Geta
212: Caracalla murders his brother Geta
217: Caracalla is murdered by his soldiers, Elagabalus appointed Emperor
222: The Praetorian Guard murders Elagabalus and installs as Emperor Alexander Severus
235: Alexander is assassinated by soldiers
238: Emperor Maximus is assassinated by the Praetorian Guard
244: Gordian III is assassinated by his soldiers
258: Emperor Valerian persecutes Christians and executes pope Sixtus II
260: The plague spreads throughout the Roman Empire, decimating its population
267: Goths raid the Greek cities
275: Emperor Aurelian is killed by his officers
282: Emperor Probus is assassinated by his soldiers
284: Diocletian, reunites the empire and ends the 50-year civil war
300: Population of the Roman Empire is 60 million
312: Battle of Milvian Bridge, Constantine reunites Empire
313: Edict of Milan under Constantine confirms freedom of religious observance
324: Constantine founds new capital called Constantinople
326: Constantine has his son and his wife executed
329: St. Peter’s Basilica, Rome, is completed
337: Constantine dies, and his 3 sons split the empire
359: Constantinople becomes the capital of the Roman Empire
370: Huns begin to invade Eastern Europe
378: The Visigoths defeat the Roman army at the battle of Adrianople
391: Emperor Theodosius proclaims Christianity as the sole religion of the Roman Empire
393: Olympic Games banned because they worship pagan gods
395: Theodosius dies, empire split into East and West
410: The Visigoths sack Rome
422: Eastern Emperor Theodosius II forced to pay tribute to the Huns in order to buy peace
434: The armies of Theodosius II are defeated by the Huns in Thrace
444: Attila becomes king of the Huns
453: Attila dies, Huns leave Europe
468: Vandals defeat the forces of the Western Empire
476: Romulus Augustulus, last Roman Emperor, end of the Western Roman Empire
492 Theodoric becomes king of Italy
500: Rome's population has declined to less than 100,000 people